Beamont Primary School Art



Curriculum INTENT

Beamont Primary School- Art progression through EYFS Expressive Arts and Design- Creating with materials



| Playing & Exploring - Engagement | Active Learning - Motivation | Creating & Thinking Critically - Thinking |
|--|--|--|
| Finding out & exploring | Being involved & concentrating | Having their own ideas (creative thinking) |
| Playing with what they know | Keep on trying | Making links (building theories) |
| Being willing to 'have a go' | Enjoying achieving what they set out to do | Working with ideas (critical thinking) |

ELG

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used
- Make use of props and materials when role-playing characters in narratives and stories

| Focus | Drawing | Painting | | Texture and collage | Explore | Vocabulary |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Nursery Skills | Create closed shapes with continuous lines, & begin to use these shapes to represent objects Begin to use a variety of drawing tools Draw with increasing complexity & detail, such as representing a face with a circle & including details Show different emotions in their drawings Explore colour & colour mixing | Explore different material order to develop ideas abouse them & what to make Join different materials & different textures Handling, feeling, enjoying manipulating materials Use variety of constructions. | out how to & explore ng and | Join different materials & explore different textures Develop own ideas & decide which materials to use to express them | Notice what other children & adults do, mirroring what is observed Practise artist's techniques Discuss likes & dislikes about artwork | Line, thick, thin, wavy, straight, pencil, Finger, stick, chalk, pastel, felt tip, Mark making tools, sponges, different brushes, respond, line, colour, dough, explore, mark making, textural effects, materials, tools, control, fine motor, glue, sticking, paper, fabric, natural materials, Experiment, printing, media, understand, techniques |
| Nursery Knowledge | Autumn All about me/ Far Begin to use a variety of drawing toolscrayons, pastels, and chalk Explore different textures and Can draw a simple representation of m Explores what happens when you mix c Begin to describe different textures. | - pencils, crayons, pencil nyself colours | Can create sand can explain the Can describ Can create of | Spring Journeys/ Growth and Change e changes to colours as they are mixed. simple collages using a variety of texture ain how one texture represents an object. e different textures. observation drawing of flowers and pastels | •Select the appropriate tool •Can make their own homes cardboard, plastic, fabric •Can create their own zoo-b sections for their chosen anim | |

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary and quality texts within all areas of the provision. Children will become familiar with text structure, characters and key vocabulary through well planned continuous provision all linked to a quality key text. There will be a balance of fiction and non-fictions texts used to support learning. Children will have daily literacy inputs and daily phonics inputs where concepts about print and book handling skills will be modelled. Reading will take high priority across provision.

Beamont Primary School- Art progression through EYFS

Expressive Arts and Design- Creating with materials



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| Active Learning - Motivation | Active Learning - Motivation | Creating & Thinking Critically - Thinking |
| Being involved & concentrating | Being involved & concentrating | Having their own ideas (creative thinking) |
| Keep on trying | Keep on trying | Making links (building theories) |
| Enjoying achieving what they set out to do | Enjoying achieving what they set out to do | Working with ideas (critical thinking) |

ELG

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used
- Make use of props and materials when role-playing characters in narratives and stories

| Focus | Drawing | Painting | Texture and collage | Explore | Vocabulary |
|---------------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| Reception Skills | Use a range of tools competently & safely Explore different textures. Encourage accurate drawings of people Create representations of both imaginary & real-life ideas, events, people & objects Explore, use & refine colour mixing techniques Use colour for purpose, including creating moods | Experiment to create different textures Use tools to create different textures Use a range of materials to create different textures Manipulate materials to have a planned effect | Develop own ideas through experimentation with diverse materials to express & communicate their discoveries & understanding | Respond imaginatively to artworks & objects Explore, use & refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas & feelings Expresses & communicate working theories, feelings & understandings in the form of art work & objects | Texture, shape, 2D, observation, imagination, scale, size, fine motor skills, Experiment, properties of clay, plasticine, model, observation, imagination, demonstrate, modelling. Experiment, media, understand, textural effects, observation, imagination, Experiment, printing, media, understand, techniques |
| Reception | Autumn | | Spring | | Summer 1 |
| Knowledge | All about me/ Families and celebrations | | ea / Growth and Change | Fairy Tales/ Chester Zoo | |
| | Can draw representations of myself and others Can use drawings to tell a story Explores what happens when you mix prime colours Begin to describe different textures. Uses colour to express their feelings. | Can talk about the changes to colours as we mix *Captures experiences and responses with a range of media, such as paint and other materials or words. Create own stamps and produce repeating patterns Can create observation drawing of flowers and pastels | | choices. | sing paper, card or fabric. esources and give reasons for their g clay and modelling tools to add reate their own shoe box zoo |
| | Painting | | Drawing | | re and Collage |

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary and quality texts within all areas of the provision. Children will become familiar with text structure, characters and key vocabulary through well planned continuous provision all linked to a quality key text. There will be a balance of fiction and non-fictions texts used to support learning. Children will have daily literacy inputs and daily phonics inputs where concepts about print and book handling skills will be modelled. Reading will take high priority across provision.

| Year 1: Art skills progression | |
|---|--|
| KS1: POS - to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products - to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination - to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space | *Use a variety of tools and techniques including the use of different brush sizes and types. *Mix and match colours to artefacts and objects. *Work on different scales. |
| about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. | *Mix secondary colours and shades using different types of paint. *Create different textures e.g. use of sawdust. |
| Texture and Collage | Drawing *Use a variety of tools, including pencils, rubbers, crayons, pastels, felt tips, |
| *Use a variety of techniques, e.g. weaving, finger knitting, fabric crayons, sewing and binca. | charcoal, ballpoints, chalk and other dry media. *Use a sketchbook to gather and collect artwork. |
| *How to thread a needle, cut, glue and trim material. *Create images from imagination, experience or observation *Use a wide variety of media, including photocopied material, fabric, plastic, tissue, magazines, crepe paper, etc. | *Begin to explore the use of line, shape and colour |

| Year 1 – End points | | |
|---|--|--|
| Pattern and Prints | Understand what pattern is | |
| Printing using a range of materials, identifying patterns, use of colour, identifying shapes and lines. | Understand what abstract art is Identify and experiment with a range of different lines (zig zag, curved and straight) Understand the work of Paul Klee, describing the similarities and differences, and make links to their work. To develop a wide range of art techniques of colour, shape, texture, space and line. To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products (sponges, fruit, vegetables) Identify primary and secondary colours and mix them appropriately. Use a range of colours, patterns and shapes to create their own pattern by printing. Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. Use their sketchbooks to collect, record and evaluate ideas. | |
| Texture and Collage | Understand what texture is | |
| Collages using a range of materials, design and make, discussing different textures of materials, colour, pattern, shape and space. | Understand what collage is and evaluate examples Understand who Matisse was and the skills he used when collaging Use a range of collage techniques (tearing, overlapping, sticking and cutting) | |
| CORE VALUES: | CHILDREN FIRST RESILIENCE PIONEERING | |

| | Continue to develop a wide range of art techniques of colour, pattern, shape, texture, space and line. |
|---|--|
| | Stick carefully within a boundary by using the appropriate amount of space |
| | To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. |
| | Evaluate their art work, making links to the work of previously learnt artists and Matisse |
| | Use their sketchbooks to collect, record and evaluate ideas. |
| Observational drawing - Pablo Picasso | Explain what drawing is |
| | Understand who Pablo Picasso was and be able to discuss his work. |
| Understanding of who Pablo Picasso was and why | Develop a range of drawing techniques such as linear, side stroke, feathering and scumbling |
| he became famous, exploring different textures | To understand what a portrait is |
| using pencils, exploring and creating portraits and | To understand cubism and how this impacts the culture of our society |
| cubism. | To begin to develop a wide range of art techniques of colour, pattern and line |
| | Create their own portraits based on Picasso using a range of drawing techniques |
| | Use their sketchbooks to collect, record and evaluate ideas. |

| Year 2: Art skills progression | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| KS1: POS | Painting | | |
| to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products | | | |
| to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, | *Mix a range of secondary colours, shades and tones. | | |
| experiences and imagination | *Experiment with tools and techniques, including layering, mixing media, scraping | | |
| to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, | through etc. | | |
| pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space | * Name different types of paint and their properties. | | |
| about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, | * Work on a range of scales e.g. large brush on large paper etc. | | |
| describing the differences and similarities between different practices | *Mix and match colours using artefacts and objects. | | |
| and disciplines, and making links to their own work. | | | |
| 3D Form/ Sculpture | Textiles/ Collages | | |
| *Manipulate clay for a variety of purposes, including. thumb pots, simple coil pots and models. | *Use a variety of techniques, including weaving, French knitting, tie- dyeing, fabric | | |
| *Build a textured relief tile. | crayons and wax or oil resist, appliqué and embroidery. *Create textured collages from a variety of media. | | |
| | *Stitch, knot and use other manipulative skills. | | |
| *Understand the safety and basic care of materials and tools. | Stitch, knot and use other manipulative skins. | | |
| *Experiment with, construct and join recycled, natural and man- made materials more confidently. | | | |
| more confidently. | | | |
| Year 2 – End points | | | |

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| Painting – Colour mixing | Understand what painting is |
| | Understand who Claude Monet was, describing the differences and similarities between different practices |
| Making tertiary colours, warm and cold colours, | and disciplines. |
| varying tone and tint, mix and matching colours to | To identify and mix tertiary colours |
| create an outcome, using water colours, creating a | Make warm and cold colours by mixing |
| colour wheel. | Create tints and tones |
| | Use a range of water painting techniques including blotting, wet on wet, dry on dry, dry on wet and wash |
| | Use painting skills and techniques to create an image depicting the Great Fire of London. |
| | Use painting to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. |
| | Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design, making links to Monet. |
| | Use their sketchbooks to collect , record and evaluate ideas. |
| Famous local artists (Sculpture) | Understand what sculpture is and how a range of materials may be used |
| Andy Goldsworthy | Understand who Andy Goldsworthy is and compare the similarities and differences between Goldsworthy and |
| | Picasso. |
| Who is Andy Goldsworthy? Creating own outdoor | Understand how Art can be 3D |
| art work, noticing patterns and compare | |
| CORE VALUES: | CHILDREN FIRST RESILIENCE PIONEERING |

| similarities and differences between Andy | Explain tone, tint and shade |
|--|--|
| Goldsworthy and Picasso, introduce to 3D, branch | Use 'in and out' technique and 'branch weaving' |
| weaving. | To develop a wide range of art techniques of colour, pattern, texture, form and space. |
| | To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. |
| | To use sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. |
| | Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. |
| | Use their sketchbooks to collect, record and evaluate ideas. |
| Textiles - Wax resist painting on fabric | Identify warm and cold colours and how these express moods |
| | Understand what a wax resist painting is |
| Using a range of materials such as wax resist sticks | Understand how to use wax resist sticks and how this influences the texture |
| and fabric dye to create patterns for a decorative | Use fabric dye to add and mix colours |
| purpose. | Design a pattern using lines, patterns, colours and shape. |
| | To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products, exploring their functions. |
| | To use textiles to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. |
| | Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. |
| | Use their sketchbooks to collect, record and evaluate ideas. |

| Year 3: Art skills progression | | |
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| <u>Y3: POS</u> | Drawing | |
| to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to | | |
| review and revisit ideas | *Experiment with different grades of pencil and other implements. | |
| to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, | *Plan, refine and alter their drawings as necessary. | |
| painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, | *Use their sketchbook to collect and record visual information from different | |
| charcoal, paint, clay] | sources. | |
| about great artists, architects and designers in history. | *Draw for a sustained period of time at their own level. | |
| | *Use different media to achieve variations in line, texture, tone, colour, shape and | |
| | pattern. | |
| Textiles/ Collages | Printing | |
| * Use a variety of techniques, including printing, dying, quilting, weaving, embroidery, paper and plastic trappings and appliqué. *Name the tools and materials they have used. *Develop skills in stitching. Cutting and joining. *Experiment with a range of media e.g. overlapping, layering etc. | *Print using a variety of materials, objects and techniques including layering. *Talk about the processes used to produce a simple print. *To explore pattern and shape, creating designs for printing | |

| | Year 3 — End points |
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| Drawing movement – L.S Lowry | Understand who L.S Lowry was and how he influenced the creativity of our nation. Compare L.S Lowry to other artists, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and |
| Using H type pencils to recognise the difference between H and B, range of different pencil techniques such as linear, scumbling, side stroke and feathering, colour mixing, heavy and light blending, use of lines to create motion, shading to create a 3D perspective. | disciplines. Use a H and B pencils to explore the different drawing techniques, commenting on the change in texture. Use oil pastel techniques such as colour mixing, heavy and light pressure blending, pointillism, scumbling, pressure blend (smudging) and scraffito Draw movement using a range of materials and drawing techniques Develop the mastery techniques of pattern, texture and line. To use a range of sketching materials and discuss suitability of different materials. To use drawing to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination through movement and shading. Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. |
| Textiles – Sewing | Understand what textiles are and how they are created using a range of materials Understand that sewing is the craft of fastening or attaching objects using stitches made with a needle and |
| | thread |
| CORE VALUES: | CHILDREN FIRST RESILIENCE PIONEERING |

| Understanding of sewing, exploring different | Independently thread a needle |
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| stitches such as running stitch and cross-stitch, | Complete a range of stitches to produce different patterns and textures |
| threading a needle, texture, using a range of | Use a range of materials when sewing and evaluate their preferences |
| fabrics and materials. | Develop the mastery techniques of texture, line and space by using thread. |
| | Discuss the influence of sewing on the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation. |
| | Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. |
| | To use a range of materials to plan and create their own bookmark. |
| | Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. |
| Cave Art - Printing | Understand what cave art is and how this influences the creativity, wealth and culture of our nation. |
| | Understand what materials were used in cave art |
| Understanding parietal art, examining Lascaux | Examine the content of a variety of different types of cave art, evaluating using artistic vocabulary. |
| caves, using charcoal, creating own printing tool, | Examine the use of colour, texture, lines, shape, pattern and space. |
| printing on a rough texture | To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products, exploring their functions (charcoal) |
| | Use charcoal to create lines and patterns, commenting on the texture |
| | Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. |
| | Use their sketchbooks to collect, record and evaluate ideas with increased independence. |
| | Plan and create their own printing tool and cave art painting |
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| Year 4: Art skills progression | | | |
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| <u>Y4: POS</u> | 3D Form/ Sculpture | | |
| - Sculpture – Ancient Greek pottery | | | |
| - Painting | *Make informed choices about the 3D technique chosen. | | |
| - Mosaic and Collage | *Show an understanding of shape, space and form. | | |
| | *Plan, design, make and adapt models. | | |
| | *Talk about their work understanding that it has been sculpted, modelled or | | |
| | constructed. | | |
| | *Use a variety of material | | |
| Painting | Collage | | |
| *Make and match colours with increasing accuracy. | *Match the tool to the material. | | |
| *Use more specific colour language e.g. tint, tone, shade, hue. | *Combine skills more readily. | | |
| * Choose paints and implements appropriately. | * Choose collage or textiles as a means of extending work already achieved. | | |
| *Plan and create different effects and textures with paint according to what they | * Refine and alter ideas and explain choices using an art vocabulary. | | |
| need for the task. | *Collect visual information from a variety of sources, describing with vocabulary | | |
| *Show increasing independence and creativity with the painting process | based on the visual and tactile elements. | | |
| | *Experiments with paste resist | | |

| Year 4 – End points | | | | |
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| Sculpture – Ancient Greek pottery Examining Ancient Greek pottery, using the coiling and pinching technique to create a pot, designing and using acrylic paint to decorate the pot. | Understand what pottery is and how this contributes to the history of our nation. Evaluate the work of Otto and Vivika Heino, using the language of art, craft and design. Explore ancient Greek pottery and comment on the use of form, shape, pattern, texture and line. Use the coiling and pinching techniques Create, plan and evaluate their own product using a range of materials. Decorate using a range of patterns, colours and lines To use a range of materials, such as clay, to design and make products. Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. Evaluate their own art work, making links to other craft makers. | | | |
| Painting Children to learn about William Turner, abstract art, examining his use of colours and how he shows emotions through paintings, finding complimentary colours, mixing water colours to find tones, using water colours and shapes/lines to | To identify complimentary colours and explore blending and mixing them Make different tones of colour | | | |
| CORE VALUES: | CHILDREN FIRST RESILIENCE PIONEERING | | | |

| show emotions, observational drawing, creating | Use colours, shapes and lines to convey moods and emotions |
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| own art. | Understand what observational drawing is and experiment with the techniques |
| | Use a range of materials and techniques to create their own observational, abstract painting. |
| | Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. |
| | Discuss the influence of Art on the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation. |
| | To use a range of materials to plan and create products. |
| | Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. |
| Mosaic and Collage | Understand what an architect is and how they influence the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation. |
| | Understand who Antoni Gaudi was and evaluate this art work making links to colours, shapes, images, form |
| Children will build upon their knowledge of | and space. |
| collages, learn about the work of Antoni Gaudi, | Understand what a mosaic is, discussing the similarities and differences between a mosaic and a collage. |
| understanding of what an Architect is, examining | Create patterns using a range of materials, colours and shape. |
| different mosaics, creating patterns and | Understand what an objective collage is |
| experimenting with colour and pattern, creating | Plan, create and evaluate their own 2D mosaic. |
| their own mosaic out of a range of materials. | To use a range of materials, such as clay and tissue paper, to design and make products. |
| | Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. |
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| Year 5: Art skills progression | | | |
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| <u>Y5: POS</u> | Drawing | | |
| - Drawing from a 3D perspective | | | |
| - Jean Michel Basquiat – Printing | *Use a variety of source material for their work. | | |
| - Sculpture – Creating a clay tile | *Work in a sustained and independent way from observation, experience and | | |
| | imagination. | | |
| | *Use a sketchbook to develop ideas. | | |
| | *Explore the potential properties of the visual elements, line, tone, pattern, | | |
| | texture, colour and shape. | | |
| Printing | 3D Form/ Sculpture | | |
| | | | |
| *Explain a few techniques, including' the use of poly-blocks, relief, mono and resist | *Describe the different qualities involved in modelling, sculpture and construction. | | |
| printing. *Choose the printing method appropriate to task. | * Use recycled, natural and manmade materials to create sculpture. | | |
| *Build up layers and colours/textures. | * Plan a sculpture through drawing and other preparatory work. | | |
| * Organise their work in terms of pattern, repetition, symmetry or random printing | | | |
| styles. | | | |
| *Choose inks and overlay colours. | | | |
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| Year 5 – End points | | | | | |
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| Drawing from a 3D perspective | Understand who Paul Kenton is, making comparisons to other artists and describe the differences and | | | | |
| | similarities between different practises and disciplines. | | | | |
| Children learn about the work of Paul Kenton, | Understand what a cityscape is and what techniques are needed | | | | |
| cityscape art and how this differs to landscape art, | Understand how artists can create a sense of realism within their drawings | | | | |
| how to create a 3D perspective, the horizon line | Compare the similarities and differences between cityscapes and landscapes | | | | |
| and vanishing point, drawing their own cityscape | Understand what a 3D perspective is | | | | |
| from a 3D perspective | Develop the mastery techniques when drawing to create 3D perspectives. | | | | |
| | Be able to find the horizon and vanishing point to create sketches from a 3D perspective | | | | |
| | To use a range of materials to design and make products. | | | | |
| | Develop size, scale, position and proportion to create their own 3D perspective drawing | | | | |
| | Be able to use lines, shapes, colour and pattern in the sketches. | | | | |
| | Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. | | | | |
| | Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. | | | | |
| Jean Michel Basquiat – Printing | Understand who Jean Michel Basquiat was, describing the differences and similarities between different | | | | |
| | practises and disciplines. | | | | |
| Neo-Expressionist art, graffiti and street art, use of | | | | | |
| bold colours, mono-printing techniques, pointillism | | | | | |
| CORE VALUES: | CHILDREN FIRST RESILIENCE PIONEERING | | | | |

| printing to create symbols and words, creating own | Evaluate the self-portraits of Jean Michel Basquiat, making links to Picasso. |
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| painting by using both techniques. | Understanding of Graffiti and Street Art and how it contributes to the history, wealth and creativity of our nation. |
| | To use size, scale, position and proportion when using form and space. |
| | • Experiment creating mono-printings and understand how this can create different patterns, lines and shapes. |
| | Use pointillism using a range of materials to create patterns and shapes. |
| | To use a range of materials, such as oil paints and spray paints, to design and make products. |
| | Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. |
| | To use a range of different printing techniques with confidence to create an expressive piece of art work. |
| | Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. |
| Sculpture – Creating a clay tile | Discuss the work of Henri Rousseau, describing the differences and similarities between different practises and disciplines. |
| Looking at the work of Henri Rousseau, sketching | Use a range of sketching techniques to sketch a realistic scene |
| and painting a nature scene, creating a clay tile, | To mix colours and use a range of tones and tints to paint a realistic setting |
| decorating their clay tile with an animal theme, | Understand what ceramics are |
| creating a 3D textured tile. | Design and create a clay tile using clay, focusing on the shape, texture, form and space. |
| | Decorate a clay tile using pattern, colour and shape. |
| | Design and create a 3D tile using a range of materials and indenting. |
| | Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. |
| | Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. |
| | Make links between the skills previously taught – Year 4 pottery. |
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| Year 6: Art skills progression | |
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| <u>Y6: POS</u> | Textiles |
| - Quilting – Textiles | |
| - Drawing and Painting – Close observational sketches | *Awareness of the potential of uses of material. |
| - Pattern and Design – Landscape Collage | *Use different techniques, colours and textures etc. when designing and making |
| | pieces of work. |
| | *To be expressive and analytical to adapt, extend and justify their work. |
| Drawing and Painting | Collage |
| *Investigate a variety of ways to make different marks with dry and wet media. | *Awareness of the potential of uses of material. |
| *Identify artists who have worked in a similar way to their own work. | *Use different techniques, colours and textures etc. when designing and making |
| *Develop ideas using different or mixed media, using a sketchbook. | pieces of work. |
| * Manipulate and experiment with the elements of art: line, tone, pattern, texture, | *To be expressive and analytical to adapt, extend and justify their work. |
| form, space, colour and shape. | |
| *Create shades and tints using black and white. | |
| *Choose appropriate paint, paper and implements to adapt and extend their work. | |
| *Carry out preliminary studies, test media and materials and mix appropriate | |
| colours. * Work from a variety of sources, including those researched | |
| independently. | |
| * Show an awareness of how paintings are created (composition). | |

Quilting – Textiles

Understanding of what quilting is, block quilting, stitching multiple layers of fabric using a range of stitches, designing and cutting their own fabrics, basting, creating patterns and binding.

Year 6 – End points

- Understand that Quilting is the process of sewing two or more layers of fabric together to make a thicker padded material, usually to create a quilt or quilted garment.
- Understand that the process of quilting uses a needle and a thread to join two or more materials together to make a quilt.
- Understand what Block-Quilting is, evaluating examples by commenting on the pattern, colour, shapes and spaces.
- Use the running and cross stitch to sew two separate pieces of fabric.
- Use the blanket stitch confidently and independently to create patterns using a range of colours
- Design and plan their own quilt block, commenting on the colour, shape, patterns, lines, form and texture.
- Create their own quilt using a range of different techniques.
- Develop the mastery techniques when sewing by using a range of different stitches.
- To use a range of materials to create a quilt such as fabric, basting, thread and needles.
- Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design.

| Drawing and Painting – Close observational sketches Georgia O'Keefe, Still-life, exploring the work of Georgia O'Keefe, still life drawing and observational techniques, using charcoal and oil paints, creating own observational sketches. | Discuss the influence of Art on the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation. Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. Give and receive feedback based on their final piece, making changes where necessary and self-evaluating their art work. Make clear links between the skills previously taught (Year 3 sewing) Explore and evaluate the work of Georgia O'Keefe, describing the differences and similarities between different practises and disciplines. Understand 'still-life', 'composition' and 'subject matter' and identify in a variety of paintings Understand how still-life artwork has contributed to the history, wealth and creativity of our nation Explore how Georgia O'Keefe is similar/different to other artists, providing their own opinions and preferences to artists. To use more in depth artistic vocabulary correctly To use more in depth artistic vocabulary correctly To use a range of materials, such as a range of pencil types, and make their own independent choices. To develop their mastery of lines, colour, texture, pattern, shape and tone. Use a range of materials to shade, blend, create patterns and lines. To master the blending and layering technique by using different brush strokes To discuss the tone and tints confidently. Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design. Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. They can make accurate links between the skills previously taught. Can select ideas based on first-hand observations, experiences or imagination and develop these through open-ended research. To change and improve their final work based on feedback on their first thoughts and designs. Explain and justify their preferences towards different styles and artists. |
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| Pattern and Design – Landscape Collage Megan Coyle collage artwork, objective and non- objective collages, creating collages by using the painting with paper technique, experimenting with a range of textures and mixed media to create a landscape collage. | Understand who Megan Coyle is, describing the work of other artists and illustrators, using appropriate vocabulary and referring to cultural and historical contexts. Compare Megan Coyle to other famous artists, explaining the similarities, differences and their own preferences. Evaluate Megan Coyle's artwork, focusing on the use of shape, form, line, pattern and colour. Use warm, cold and complimentary colours Understand objective and non-objective artwork Use different pieces of colour that match the shapes of shadows and highlights in objects Confidently explain how colours and shapes can convey mood and emotions, making links to the work of Megan Coyle. Understand how to use mixed media in a collage to create their own products and outcomes |
| CORE VALUES: | CHILDREN FIRST RESILIENCE PIONEERING |

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| • | Record their observations using their sketchbooks and use them to review and revisit ideas. Can select ideas based on first-hand observations, experiences or imagination and develop these through open-ended research. | | | |
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