**Year 6- Wars Through Time – Can Wars Ever Be Justified?  **

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| POS: Pupils should be taught about wars involving Britain since 1066 with an emphasis on WW1 and WW2 and how WW1 linked to WW2; they will investigate how the Battle of Dunkirk and the Battle of Britain were major turning points in British history; they will consider whether war can ever be justified. |
| Prior content: the Viking and Roman invasions of BritainImage result for walter tull |

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| **KEY EVENTS TIMELINE**  Oct 1066- The Battle of Hastings  Aug 1642 – Sep 1651 – The English Civil War  June 1914- Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria assassinated.  July 1914- Austria/Hungary declare war on Serbia.  August 1914 - Germany declares war on Russia, France and Belgium. Britain declares war on Germany as we had a treaty to protect Belgium.  December 1914 – the Christmas truce.  July 1917- Battle of the Somme. 60,000 dead, wounded or missing in one day.  April 1917- US declares war on Germany. Image result for walter tull  March 1918 – Walter Tull dies.  November 1918- Armistice day – Germany surrenders  June 1919 - Treaty of Versailles signed. Conditions made lead to World War 2  1921 - Hitler becomes leader of the Nazi party.  1933 – Hitler becomes Chancellor of Germany; he later becomes a dictator.  1939 - Hitler invades Poland. Britain declares war on Germany as it has a treaty to protect Poland.  May 1940 – the Battle of Dunkirk.  July 1940 – the Battle of Britain.  December 1941 - Japanese bomb Pearl Harbour: America join the allies.  May 1945 – Germany surrender  August 1945 – America drop nuclear bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki – Japan surrender, marking the end of the war and peace across Europe. | 1: Treaty- An agreement between countries were they often agree to protect each other  2: Allies- People who support you in times of conflict  3: Enemies  4:Posthumous Medal- A medal given to someone after they die  5: Genocide- The deliberate killing of a large group of people  6:Racism- Expressing negativity towards someone because of their origin, colour or religion  7:Nuclear bomb- A bomb that uses nuclear energy to cause an explosion  8: Assassination- Murdering someone, often famous or powerful.  9: Freedom of Speech- The right to express your own opinions  **Image result for christmas truce**10: Justification- Giving reasons for something to be right or reasonable.  **Image result for churchill**  **KEY PEOPLE**  **Adolf Hitler** was a German politician and leader of the Nazi Party. He rose to power as the chancellor of Germany in 1933 and then as a dictator. During his dictatorship from 1933 to 1945, he initiated World War II in Europe by invading Poland on 1 September 1939 and the main person behind the holocaust (genocide of the Jews).  **Neville Chamberlain -** served as Prime Minister of the United Kingdom from May 1937 to May 1940.  **Winston Churchill** was the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom from 1940 to 1945, when he led Britain to victory in the Second World War; he served as Prime Minister again from 1951 to 1955.  **Benito Mussolini** was the leader of the National Fascist Party in Italy. He ruled Italy as the prime minister from 1922 to 1943; he was firstly democratically elected and then became a dictator.  **Joseph Stalin** was the communist ruler of the Soviet Union from the mid–1920s until 1953.  **Franklin Roosevelt** served as the 32nd president of the United States from 1933 until his death in 1945.  **Harry S. Truman** was the 33rd president of the United States from 1945 to 1953; he ordered the dropping of the nuclear bomb on the Japanese city of Hiroshima which lead to Japan’s surrender and the end of WW2 |
| **KEY PEOPLE**  **William the Conqueror** was the first Norman ruler of England after winning at the Battle of Hastings and defeating **King Harold II** - he greatly influenced English culture through the import of the Norman (French) language and customs.  **King Harold II** – the king defeated and killed at the Battle of Hastings. Legend says that he was shot in the eye with an arrow.  **Franz Ferdinand** - the archduke of Austria was assassinated in 1914; he was the heir to the throne of Austria. His assassination in Sarajevo is considered the most immediate cause of World War I  **Herbert Henry Asquith** - served as Prime Minister of the United Kingdom from 1908 to 1916.  **David Lloyd George** - served as Prime Minister of the United Kingdom from 1916-22  **Wilhelm II** - was the last German Emperor and King of Prussia. He reigned from 15 June 1888 until his abdication on 9 November 1918 shortly before Germany's defeat in World War I.  **Walter Tull -** was both a professional footballer player and a soldier during World War One. He had to give up his career as a footballer to help out in the war, but he then became recognised as the first black officer to lead white British soldiers; many people think he should have been awarded a posthumous medal. |

